

Series-C

A-857-C

Roll No. 

(Graph Paper)

Total No. of Questions-31] [Total No. of Printed Pages-11

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A-857-C-XII-2318

MATHEMATICS

(English Version)

Time Allowed-3 Hours

Maximum Marks-85

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as possible.

Marks allotted to each question are indicated against it.

Special Instructions :

- (i) *You must write question paper series in the circle at the top left side of title page of your answer book.*
- (ii) *While answering questions, you must indicate on your answer-book the same question no. as appears in your question paper.*



- (iii) Do not leave blank page/s in your answer-book.
- (iv) Question Nos. 1 to 10 are of Multiple Choice Questions and are of 1 mark each. Question Nos. 11 to 14 are of 2 marks each. Question Nos. 15 to 26 are of $3\frac{1}{2}$ marks each. Question Nos. 27 to 31 are of 5 marks each.
- (v) All questions are compulsory.
- (vi) Internal choices have been provided in some questions.
- (vii) Use of calculator is not permitted. You may ask for Logarithmic tables and graph paper if necessary/needed.

1. The principal value of $\tan^{-1}(-\sqrt{3})$ is : 1

(a) $\frac{\pi}{2}$

(b) $-\frac{\pi}{3}$

(c) $\frac{\pi}{3}$

(d) $-\frac{\pi}{2}$

2. Let A be a nonsingular square matrix of order 3×3 .
Then $|\text{adj } A|$ is : 1

- (a) $|A|$ (b) $|A|^3$
(c) $|A|^2$ (d) $|3A|$

3. The derivative of 5^x is : 1

- (a) 5^x (b) $\frac{5^x}{\log 5}$
(c) $5^x \log 5$ (d) None of these

4. On which of the following intervals is the function f given by $f(x) = x^{100} + \sin x - 1$ strictly decreasing? 1

- (a) $(0, 1)$ (b) $\left(\frac{\pi}{2}, \pi\right)$
(c) $\left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ (d) None of these

5. $\int e^x (f(x) + f'(x)) dx$ is equal to : 1

- (a) $e^x f'(x) + c$ ~~(b)~~ $e^x f(x) + c$
(c) $-e^x f'(x) + c$ (d) $-e^x f(x) + c$

6. The degree of differential equation

$$\frac{d^3 y}{dx^3} + 2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} = 0 \text{ is : } 1$$

- (a) 4 ~~(b)~~ 1
(c) 2 (d) Not defined

7. The vectors \vec{a} and \vec{b} are perpendicular if : 1

- ~~(a)~~ $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = 0$ (b) $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \neq 0$
(c) $\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = 0$ (d) $\vec{a} \times \vec{b} \neq 0$

8. Find $|\vec{a} - \vec{b}|$, if $|\vec{a}| = 2$, $|\vec{b}| = 3$ and $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = 4$ 1

- (a) $\sqrt{3}$ (b) $\sqrt{2}$
(c) $\sqrt{5}$ (d) $\sqrt{7}$

9. If a line makes angles $\frac{\pi}{2}$, $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ and $\frac{\pi}{4}$ with x, y, z - axis, respectively then direction cosines of this line are : 1

(a) $\pm (1, 1, 1)$ (b) $\pm \left(0, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$

(c) $\pm \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$ (d) $\pm \left(0, \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$

10. If A and B are independent events, then : 1

(a) $P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$

(b) $P(A \cup B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$

(c) $P(A \cap B) = P(A) + P(B)$

(d) $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B)$

11. Using elementary operations, find the inverse of

$$\text{matrix } A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

or

For matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

Verify that $A - A'$ is a skew symmetric matrix. 2

12. Examine the function given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin x}{x}, & x < 0 \\ x + 1, & x \geq 0 \end{cases} \quad \text{for continuity.} \quad 2$$

13. A balloon which always remains spherical, has a variable diameter $\frac{3}{2}(2x + 1)$. Find the rate of change of its volume with respect to x . 2

14. Form the differential equation of the family of hyperbolas having foci on x -axis and centre at origin.

15. Find $g \circ f$ and $f \circ g$, if $f(x) = 8x^3$ and $g(x) = x^{\frac{1}{3}}$

3½

16. Solve $2 \tan^{-1}(\cos x) = \tan^{-1}(2 \operatorname{cosec} x)$

or

Express for following in the simplest form :

$$\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} \right), |x| < a \quad 3\frac{1}{2}$$

17. Prove that
$$\begin{vmatrix} b+c & a & a \\ b & c+a & b \\ c & c & a+b \end{vmatrix} = 4abc \quad 3\frac{1}{2}$$

18. Differentiate $\sin(\{\tan^{-1}(e^{-x})\})$ w.r.t. x

or

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $xy = e^{(x-y)}$ 3½

19. Evaluate $\int \frac{5x}{(x+1)(x^2-4)} dx$ 3½

20. Evaluate $\int \frac{6x+7}{\sqrt{(x-5)(x-4)}} dx$ 3½

21. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx$ 3½

22. Solve the differential equation :

$$(x+y) \frac{dy}{dx} = 1$$

or

Solve the differential equation :

$$(x-y) dy - (x+y) dx = 0. \quad \text{3½}$$

23. Find x if the four points A (3, 2, 1), B (4, x, 5), C (4, 2, -2) and D (6, 5, -1) are coplanar. 3½

24. Find the vector and Cartesian equations of plane that passes through the point (5, 2, -4) and perpendicular to the line with direction ratios 2, 3, -1. 3½

25. A die marked 1, 2, 3 in red and 4, 5, 6 in green is tossed. Let A be the event, 'the number is even' and B be the event, 'the number is red'. Are A and B independent ? 3½

26. If pair of dice is thrown 4 times. If getting a doublet is considered a success, find the probability of two successes.

or

Give two independent events A and B such that $P(A) = 0.3$, $P(B) = 0.6$, find

(i) $P(A \text{ and } B)$

(ii) $P(A \text{ and not } B)$. 3½

27. Solve the following equations by Matrix method :

$$2x + 3y + 3z = 5$$

$$x - 2y + z = -4$$

$$3x - y - 2z = 3$$

5

28. Show that the right circular cone of least curved surface and given volume has an altitude equal to $\sqrt{2}$ time the radius of the base.

or

Find the point on the curve $y = x^3 - 11x + 5$ at which the tangent is : $y = x - 11$. 5

29. Find the area of region bounded by the curves : $x^2 = y$, the line $y = x + 2$ and the x-axis.

or

Using integration find the area of region bounded by the triangle whose vertices are $(-1, 0)$, $(1, 3)$ and $(3, 2)$. 5

30. Find the shortest distance between the lines

$$\vec{r} = (\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}) + \lambda (\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}) \text{ and}$$

$$\vec{r} = (2\hat{i} - \hat{j} - \hat{k}) + \mu (2\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k})$$

or

Find the equation of the plane that passes through three points $(2, 5, -3)$, $(-2, -3, 5)$ and $(5, 3, -3)$. 5

- 31.** Solve the following linear programming problem graphically.

Minimize $Z = -3x + 4y$

subject to the following constraints :

$$x + 2y \leq 8,$$

$$3x + 2y \leq 12,$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$

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